

The Courier-Journal.

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LOUISVILLE, THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 29, 1909.—10 PAGES.

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GOING AWAY?

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PULLIAM PUTS BULLET IN HEAD

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Missile Enters Temple, Tears Out One Eye.

Physician Have Little Hope Recovery.

Strain of Baseball Manager Tells.

Recently Resumed Duties As President.

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A series of speeches denouncing the proposed Federal income tax, including one by Mayor Reyburn, was made by officers of the United States League of Building and Loan Associations, an organization having a membership of about 2,000,000 in twenty-five States, which opened its seventeenth annual convention at Philadelphia yesterday.

The official flight of the Wright aeroplane from Fort Myer to Alexandria, Va., and return was declared off yesterday. A high wind continued throughout the afternoon, and abated only when it was too dark to attempt the distance test. A three days' extension of time has been granted the Wrights.

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East Fifty-first street station, stayed to watch his prisoner.

Becomes Semi-Conscious.

At 12:45 o'clock Capt. Lantry, with two detectives arrived at the clubhouse and went up to Mr. Pulliam's room. On his return a few moments later Capt. Lantry said that Mr. Pulliam was in a semi-conscious state. His right eye at that time was covered by a bandage and Capt. Lantry understood that it had been bandaged by a shot. His other eye was blackened and discolored, but was not bandaged and apparently still remained in the socket.

Immediately after the discovery of Mr. Pulliam's semi-conscious state the club members were sent to as many of his friends as the club members could of.

Coroner's Statement.

Coroner Shadry made this statement: "I was notified by the New York Athletic Club that a man had shot himself. I got Detective Tobin of the East Fifty-first street. We went to the New York Athletic Club and were taken to the room of Mr. Pulliam. He was lying on a sofa. He had on only an undershirt, a pair of socks and garters. His body was entirely covered with blood. He was in a very pitiable condition. He was in a semi-conscious state. I asked him, 'How were you shot?' 'I don't understand what you mean.' 'How could you not understand what I said?' He lapsed into unconsciousness. His right eye was out and he was blind in his left eye. His right eye was picked up off the floor and the bullet went through the skull and fell on the floor. It cut the optic nerve and blinded him. Had it been a little further back it would have instantly killed him. It would have passed through his brain. As it is, there is no chance at all of his recovery."

Hayeler Away.

Mr. Pulliam left his office on Broadway shortly after 12 o'clock this afternoon. He was in a semi-conscious state. John Heyeler, secretary of the National League, who is Mr. Pulliam's closest personal friend, and has been his al-

(Concluded on 8th Page, 3d Column)

CHANCE FOR SODA 'BLIND TIGERS'

IF THE GEORGIA LEGISLATURE ADOPTS TAX BILLS.

PROPOSE TO RAISE REVENUE FROM FOUNTAINS.

STAMP TAX ON SYRUPS.

Atlanta, July 28.—If the Georgia Legislature incorporates into the general tax bill all the provisions introduced at 9:30 o'clock to-night in its room on the third floor of the New York Athletic Club, at Fifty-ninth street and Sixth avenue. The bullet passed entirely through his head, from right to left, cutting out both eyes. There is very little chance that he will recover.

At just 9:30 o'clock the telephone operator, whose desk is on the ground floor of the club, saw the right hand of the man for Mr. Pulliam's apartment. He answered the call but got no response. After trying several times without success to get any word from the instrument that the board showed was calling him, he notified the clerk of the club and an employee, Thomas Brady, was sent up to Pulliam's apartment with a pass key. The door was locked.

Finds Pulliam On Divan.

Brady opened the door. The room was lighted. Mr. Pulliam lay on a divan, the blood running freely from his head. A 33-caliber Iver Johnson revolver lay on the floor close to his limp hand. He was dressed only in his undershirt, half hose and garters.

Brady jumped to the telephone and told the operator down stairs what had happened. Dr. J. J. Higgins, of 46 West Fifty-fifth street, the club physician, was sent for and the club members who were present in the building learning of the shooting, rushed to the room.

Mr. Pulliam was unconscious when found. Dr. Higgins attempted to restore some sign of life, but said that Gov. Brown will sign the bill should it pass the House.

Eyes Hanging From Sockets.

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PRESIDENT TAFT SENDS CONDOLENCE

TO MRS. LEOPOLD MARKBREIT ON DEATH OF HER DISTINGUISHED HUSBAND.

Washington, July 28.—President Taft yesterday sent a telegram of condolence to Mrs. Leopold Markbreit, on the death of her husband, who long had been a prominent figure in the affairs of that city.

Markbreit was a brave soldier.

He was one of the first to use an unused revolver. Aside from the telephone call, no evidence of preparation for the attempt at self-destruction could be found in the room. There was no note expressing any act with the purpose of killing himself.

The National League was about to commit suicide, but so far as could be learned, he had apprised many of his friends of his intention.

Death Momentarily Expected.

Dr. Higgins gave it as his opinion that Mr. Pulliam would die within a very short time and called up the Coroner's office. Coroner Shadry notified Lt. Col. Daly, on the desk at the East First-street police station, and a detective, The Coroner, went to the club. Mr. Pulliam did not recover consciousness, so that any statement from him was an impossibility.

Dr. Higgins and the Coroner both believed that the bullet had hit the question to attempt to move the injured man, so he was allowed to remain on the couch where he lay when he fired the shot and where he was found. The detective placed him under arrest on a charge of attempted suicide.

No One Heard Shot.

The flash given the telephone operator was the first knowledge had by him of the shooting. Members sitting in the reading room down stairs and those on the other floors of the building nearer the room which Pulliam occupied heard no sound of the shot.

It was only when the boy at the switchboard spread the alarm that the members knew there had been what is likely to prove a suicide in their clubhouse.

Even then, so quietly did the emergency give the alarm to a few of the older members, and so quietly was the physician summoned, that the appearance of Coroner Shadry was for many the first inkling of what had occurred.

Dr. Higgins left the club at 11:30 o'clock. A telegram was sent to him and he called in remained with the patient. Policeman Bergman, attached to the

importer of gloves in this country. These men have been in the corridors of the Senate, only biding their time after their interests for several days. They are on opposite sides of the question.

Consequently the two opponents were taken into the Senate, one to speak singly, of course and made to don their gloves and spar an exhibition bout. Mr. Littauer weighed at least 140 pounds more than Mr. Barnhart, but it was not stated whether that fact in any manner accounted for the decision.

Sought Duty On Short Ton.

Senators Elkins and Scott, of West Virginia, and Clark, of Wyoming, endeavored to get the conferees to increase the rate of 45 cents a ton on coal applied to the short ton, which, it is said, would make a difference of about 10 cents to the equivalent rates in the Senate.

Payne and Aldrich, however, argued that Canada duty on coal applied to the short ton. The Senators interested in getting all the protection possible for coal were not successful in their mission.

Payne and Aldrich Hurry To President.

Majority Members of Conference Finish Work.

Lumber Trifle Lower and Shading On Gloves.

CALL FOR MINORITY TO-DAY.

Print Paper \$3.75.

Washington, July 28.—After working for nearly three weeks at what proved to be one of the longest and most arduous tasks ever experienced in tariff building, the majority members of the conference committee on the Payne-Aldrich bill brought their labors to a sudden close at 6 o'clock to-night. Without a moment's delay, the Senate and House leaders whose names are carried by the bill started away by automobile with the intention of laying their report before President Taft, who had gone to Fort Myer to see what had been intended to be the last official flight of the Wright brothers in their airplane.

Just before the close of the session to-day, the print paper schedule was revised and the rate fixed at \$3.75 a ton. The Senate rate, \$4.75 a ton, was less than the House rate. It is expected that this rate will raise the ire of the members of the special committee of the House, who have threatened to march through the streets to proclaim their dissatisfaction.

(Concluded on 8th Page, 3d Column)

SENATE ACCEPTS THE RESIGNATION

COLOMBIA WILL ELECT SUCCESSOR TO REYES AUGUST 3.

SECURED SEPARATION OF THE CHURCH AND STATE.

STORMY POLITICAL CAREER.

Bogota, July 28.—The resignation of President Reyes was presented to the Colombian Senate today and unanimously accepted.

All day long the conferees had struggled with the question of bringing down the House rates on gloves and the Senate rates on lumber to figures they felt would meet with executive approval.

In this effort the conferees failed, and they appeared to appreciate the fact.

Lumber was made dutiable at rates only a little below those named by the Senate bill, and there was a very slight shading from the House rates on gloves of good quality.

Although the conferees had struggled with the question of bringing down the House rates on gloves and the Senate rates on lumber to figures they felt would meet with executive approval, the fact was that the Senate rates on lumber to figures they felt would meet with executive approval,

W. L. DOUGLAS

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and style cannot be excelled.

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fit better and wear longer
than other makes.

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the best shoes that can be
produced for the price is
world-wide. He stands back
of every pair and guarantees
full value to the wearer.

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name and address are on the
shoes. Take No Substitute.



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Diamonds Will Be Higher

This fall, an advance of 5 per cent. has already been announced by the De-Beers Company and Congress has placed an additional 10 per cent. duty. We have an unusual assortment bought before the advance and will give you the advantage of an early purchase. Send for booklet on diamonds.

LEMON & SON, 411 Fourth.
(Incorporated) 1882.

told by Mr. Jerome and those connected with his office that everything I said was untrue.

While Jerome addressed the court on a high point Thaw calmly polished his big spectacles. He directed a triumphant smile at his counsel and seemed well satisfied.

"It is a matter of private preference to the people's attorney," said the District Attorney, "whether this man is confined or not. We are only trying to assist the conscience of the court in its decision."

Jerome asked Thaw why he did not permit Dr. Allen McLane Hamilton to examine him at the time he was examined by his attorneys.

Objected To Physician's Looks.

"I did not like his looks," replied Thaw.

"What did not you like about them?"

"Oh, I just didn't like them. He was like Dr. Fell."

"What was Dr. Fell?" asked Jerome.

"Why don't you know?—I do not like him. Dr. Fell, the reason why I cannot like him is that he is a swine."

The District Attorney dropped this line of questioning.

"Were you ever insane?" asked Jerome.

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LEAVE WORLD

To Become Sisters of the Sacred Heart.

DAUGHTERS OF COL. MILTON YOUNG TO TAKE VEIL.

WILL LEAVE FOR ALBANY, N. Y., THIS WEEK.

NOVITIATE FOR TWO YEARS.

Lexington, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—Misses Alice and Spalding Young, daughters of Col. Milton Young, will leave Friday for Albany, N. Y., where they will enter the Sacred Heart convent for the two year novitiate preparatory to taking their vows as nuns. The announcement of their intention came to-day and followed their return from a visit to their sister, Miss Maria Young, who is a nun at Albany.

License Revoked.

Major John Skuln to-day revoked the license of E. B. Tingie, saloon-keeper, who was fined \$10 and costs in Police Court yesterday for keeping open on Sunday.

Maury Kumpner, attorney for Tingie, announced that an appeal would be taken on the ground that the Mayor had no jurisdiction.

The case of Dennis Hayes, also charged with selling on Sunday, was postponed because of the defendant's illness.

Lexington Notes.

The suit of J. H. Patterson & Company against E. B. Tingie of Baltimore was compromised to-day for \$400. Patterson is a stock, bond and grain broker and the Price concern was his backer. He sued for commissions in business transacted which the employing concern had materially reduced from the alleged contract figure.

James B. Haggan has consented to show his famous racing stallion Salvator at the Versailles fair the first week in August.

COMMITTEE CALLED

To Select Member of G. O. P., Seventh District Congressional Committee.

Mr. Sterling, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—State Chairman Robert H. Winn, of this city, has issued a call for a meeting of the Seventh congressional district on Aug. 10.

The Republicans held two conventions and nominated two candidates, and the Democrats, on Aug. 10, will have a meeting of the State Central Committee, which will have to be called to settle the dispute as to which is the legally-nominated candidate.

Temple and Tabernacle Meet.

Midway, Ky., July 28.—The Grand Temple and Tabernacle of Kentucky and Jurisdiction of the Knights and Daughters of Tabor is holding its twelfth annual session here at Colina's Opera House.

The Chief Grand Mentor, Sir H. Q. Green, of Mayfield, called the lodge to order and opened the Saba Masonic degree. After the usual ritualistic exercises, the roll of officers was called.

The following were present: H. Q. Green, C. G. M., Mayfield; Taylor Bell, G. M., Louisville; Pauline Grinbush, G. C. E., Paducah; Anna Bowman, of Louisville, Secretary and Treasurer of the Endowment Bureau; Robbinet Powell, G. P., Henderson; C. E. and C. G. S., Louisville; Hattie Henderson, G. Q. M., Louisville; the Rev. William Ward, C. G. O., Louisville; Laura N. Tompkins, C. G. P., Louisville; Florence Glass, G. L. S., Shively; James E. Willis, C. G. D. M., Louisville.

The Knights of Tabor stands high among colored fraternal organizations, having for its object the uplift of the race.

Slayer of Uncle Dismissed.

Mayfield, Ky., July 28.—Acy Hayes, aged 22 years, who killed his uncle in the north part of this county was discharged from custody by County Judge Crossland. The case was called before the court that he could not find sufficient evidence to have a warrant issued. Hayes shot Sanderson with a pistol while the latter was advancing on him with a single-barreled shotgun.

Big Labor Day Celebration.

Paducah, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—The labor organizations of the city are planning for the biggest Labor day celebration this year that has ever been held. The celebration will be held at Wallace Park and the Labor day address will be delivered by the Rev. Robert Johnson of Tolu, Ky., State president of the Farmers' Union. President of the Knights of Industrial Typographical Union, was invited to deliver the address, but he had to decline owing to business at the Printers' Home on that day. The convention of Knights of Labor will be launched next week and it promises to be spirited.

Garrard Fair Opens.

Lancaster, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—The Garrard County Fair began here this morning under pleasant weather conditions, the temperature being ideal. Many prominent horsemen and stock raisers had arrived and were making a great display of both equine and other first-class breeds of stock. Mat Cohen has brought his great stable of show horses, the leading make being the Appaloosa at this time. A new account to his stable has been made according to his statement, and was launched next week and it promises to be spirited.

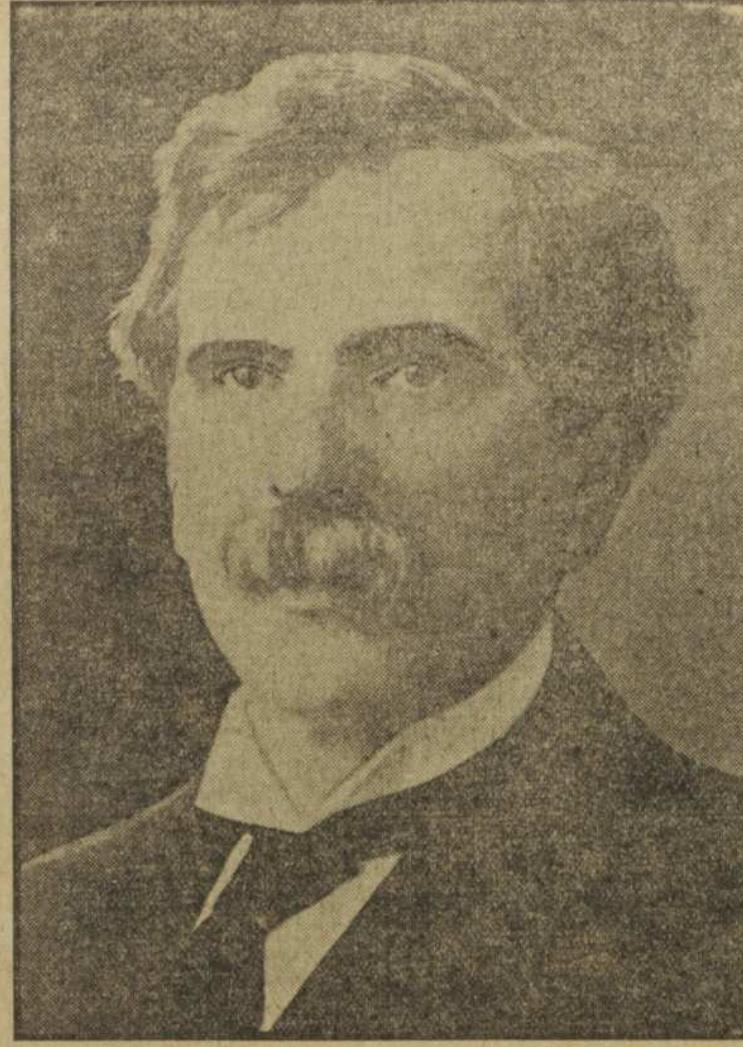
Concord Association Meets.

Owneton, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—The Concord Association, composed of twenty-six churches convened at the Mt. Pleasant Baptist church, near here, today. This is the eightieth annual meeting of this organization, and is being well attended. Among the visitors in attendance are Dr. J. H. Head, minister of the Mt. Pleasant church; Dr. J. C. Bow, of the Western Recorder, and the Rev. W. J. Matheny, secretary of the State Sunday-school Board.

\$30,000,000 Mortgage Recorded.

Middlesboro, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—The National Bank of Middlesboro has increased its capital stock from

CINCINNATI'S NOTED MAYOR.



THE LATE LEOPOLD MARKBREIT.

RUSSIAN GIRL

Arrives In Louisville After Trying Experience.

NOW SAFELY LODGED AT HOME OF COUSIN.

CROSSES OCEAN THREE TIMES BEFORE FINALLY LANDING.

CAN'T SPEAK GOOD ENGLISH.

After having crossed the Atlantic Ocean three times since June 16, Mrs. Drozinski, the 16-year-old Russian girl who was deported a short time ago after she had arrived on the steamer Kaiserin Auguste Victoria at Ellis Island, arrived in Louisville at 7:20 o'clock yesterday morning at the Seventh-street depot. She made the trip to New York on the boat, the business transaction where money orders and stamps can be secured and letters registered.

Mrs. Rachel Boles Dead.

Glasgow, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—Mrs. Rachel Boles, aged 72 years, died at her home in Sulphur Lick, in Monroe county, of a complication of diseases. She was the widow of S. L. Boles, and was the mother of Herbert Boles, the merchant and postmaster of Erolie, a country town, the other two dredge survivor her. Mrs. C. A. Boles of Summer Shade; Miss Lena Boles and Hassel Boles, of Sulphur Lick.

Will Request More Substations.

Paducah, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—Postmaster Frank M. Fisher has left for Washington, and while there will request four new sub-stations for Paducah, and while there will be held at the post office a meeting of the sub-station where money orders and stamps can be secured and letters registered.

Paducah's first sub-station was established a few weeks ago, and it is being heavily patronized.

Work for Fifty Men.

Paducah, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—The Illinois Central gravel pits at Gravel Spring, twenty-five miles from Paducah, on the Louisville division, have been opened, giving employment to about fifty men. Heretofore the company had worked the pits, but this year it has let the job to Contractors of Illinois. An immigrant is required to have at least \$250 in his pocket. Because of the new ruling of William Williams, Commissioner of Immigration, an immigrant is required to have at least \$250 in his pocket. A telegram was sent to the girl's cousin, Mr. Seidenmann, who immediately telephoned the necessary money to allow her to enter the port and come to Louisville. Through some mistake—Mr. Seidenmann says on the part of the telegraph company—the money was not delivered until after the girl had been deported on June 28 to Hamburg.

Railroad Man Passes Away.

Carrollton, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—A railroad man from the state of several months duration, Henry Glauber, died this morning. He was a son of the late J. H. Glauber, a pioneer shoe merchant of Carrollton. Mr. Glauber was freight agent for the Carrollton and Western railroad. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Lillian Wilcots, and a son.

Farmer Seriously Injured.

Wilkesboro, Ky., July 28.—Jerry Attey, a farmer at Mt. Zion, was severely, while stacking hay, met with an accident that may prove fatal. In descending from the haystack he lost his balance and fell upon the handle of a pitchfork, which penetrated his abdomen.

Child Dying From Dog's Bite.

Paducah, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—The 4-year-old child of Sam Pecky, a well-known farmer of Livingston county, was bitten by a dog and was so badly lacerated that the little one is dying. The dog had no indication of rabies, but was poisoned.

Latonia No More.

Covington, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—The municipality of Latonia is no more. Mayor John J. Craig signed the ordinance joining the two cities of Latonia and Covington this morning. Several city offices of both towns were there to witness it.

ICE HOOK

WIELDED AS WEAPON BY JOSEPH DEBOE.

GIRLS DROWNED IN LUMBER MILL POND.

An ice hook figured as the weapon when Joe Deboe assaulted Harry E. Stewart at Eighteenth and Arbezus streets last night, inflicting scalp wounds which put Stewart in bed for the evening and caused the arrest of Deboe.

Second Dividend On Common Stock.

Cleveland, O., July 28.—The American Shipbuilding Company to-day declared an annual dividend of 4 per cent on its common stock. This is the second dividend on the common stock in the history of the company.

Campers Take Grape-Nuts

No cooking required, and every crumb yields strength and endurance.

"There's a Reason"

WIND AND DEFECT

Prevent Orville Wright from Making Fast Flight.

GASOLINE FEED PIPE OF MOTOR OBSTRUCTED.

ARMY OFFICIALS GRANT THREE DAYS MORE.

PRESIDENT IS ON HAND.

DAIRYMEN

Preparing To Fight Against Tuberculin Test.

ATTORNEY CONFERs WITH DR. BAKER AND OTHERS.

MAY RESULT IN REVOCATION OF PERMITS

TO DISPOSE OF MILK HERE.

Washington, July 28.—A persistent wind and a suddenly discovered stoppage in the gasoline feed pipe of his motor prevented Orville Wright from making this evening his final cross-country test of the aeroplane. After he had waited in supposed readiness for the start for an hour, with the aeroplane on the monorail at Fort Myer, the wind died down at least a mile more than a whisper, and then it was discovered that the fuel feed was obstructed. But that time it was dusk, and the light was declared off for the day, the army officials granting him three days' additional time for the test, and time enough to repair the original contract required to-day.

The failure of the trial disappointed an immense crowd, including President Taft and practically all of the most prominent Government officials.

Landing Place Packed.

All along the course laid out for the trial people were gathered on foot and on horseback and in vehicles of every conceivable character. At Shuter Hill, just outside the city of Alexandria, where the turning point was located, were gathered what must have been a fair quorum of people of that community. The crowd at Shuter Hill was a serious embarrassment to the officers in charge of the trial, who had with them only a small cavalry detail, and they found it impossible to keep the people off the great space which they intended to reserve as a landing place for the aeroplane in case it was necessary for the aviators to

Opposition on the part of dairymen to submit their milk cows to the tuberculin test is developing more each day since the tests were commenced the first of the week, and it now looks as though the Dairymen's Association of Jefferson county would take the matter to the courts through their attorney, Morton K. Yonts.

It was said yesterday by those who have the work of inspecting the dairy herds of Jefferson county in charge that many of the dairymen absolutely refused to allow their herds to undergo the tuberculin test. This refusal on part of some has hindered the progress of the work, however, and by the time all the herds owned by dairymen who are willing to undergo the test, the cows undergo the inspection have been thoroughly tested, it is believed that all difficulties in the way of testing the other herds will be out of the way.

While there have been many refusals, there have been some who have agreed to submit their herds to the tuberculin test.

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Published—

DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

Office, cor. Fourth Ave. and Green St.

A Consolidation of

THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 24, 1830.

LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

Louisville, Ky., 1843.

MORNING COURIER.

Louisville, Ky., June 3, 1844.

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second-class matter.

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22, 24 and 26 pages..... 3 cents

32, 34 and 36 pages..... 4 cents

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Communications.

All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have their names sent return with the MSS. in a case and send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS. but return postage must be included.

THURSDAY..... JULY 29, 1909

Business.

Wednesday Evening, July 28.—The New York stock market was strong most of the day, closing easy at recessions from the best prices, but with fractional net gains. Union Pacific crossed the 30 mark, selling at 209%, but closed at 193%.

Money on call was easy at 1% to 2 per cent., ruling at 1%. Time loans were firm at 2 to 3%. Sterling exchange was steady.

The course of the Chicago wheat market was turned strongly upward, final prices showing net gains of 1% to 2%. Corn closed strong, but oats, with the exception of July, were weak. Provisions broke severely.

The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 7 to 11 points, ruled fairly active with a strong tone and closed 4 to 8 points higher than opening prices.

The Chicago cattle market was steady to 10 lower, the hog market 10 to 15 lower and the sheep market weak to 10 lower.

Spain and the Moors.

Eight hundred years have passed since the old Cid Campeador, dying of a broken heart, bequeathed to the Spain he loved so well a heritage of hatred and revenge. The Moors, whom he had fought so violently, have, from that day to this, scarcely once ceased to be a menace in one shape or another; driven from the mainland in the Fifteenth century, they left enough Moriscos behind to leaven the lump, and, establishing themselves along the southern littoral of the Mediterranean, proceeded forthwith to infest that historic body of water with brigandage and piracy. Algiers and Tangier became their strongholds. From the site of Carthage to the Pillars of Hercules they levied toll and the most Christian King was not too proud to pay them tribute. In spite of Don John's victory at Lepanto their power was still to be reckoned with, and it remained for the infant republic across seas to teach them an enduring lesson.

In more recent years the international congress which met at Algeciras, itself a village of Moorish origin, has shown the outside world how that barbaric empire, within sight of the rock of Gibraltar, has still the power to set Europe by the ears. Spain and France postpone the question of the delimitation of their spheres of interest to the end that first Germany may be restrained from the fulfillment of North African ambitions, while Great Britain and Italy look on benevolently. But the arrangement had nothing permanent about it, and will shortly meet the fate of all patchwork diplomacy; indeed, its principal fruit seems to have been to impress upon the Sultan how easily and profitably he might play off one power against another; a game at which his still is of Oriental completeness.

Spain's trouble to-day, however, is only indirectly traceable to that incident. Melilla, the rocky fortress besieged by the insurgent tribes lies 140 miles due east from Ceuta and is, like that settlement, a penal colony; for nearly 500 years it has been an outpost of Spain. Surrounded by the impulsive and undisciplined tribes of the Rif country, a border population, which, like the Kabyles of Algeria, has never been completely brought under subjugation by any power, it has been repeatedly a center of conflagration.

From 1859, on, during all the numerous French campaigns, Kabyles and Rifians have combined to harass, burn and slaughter in a war of extermination, comparable only in modern times to Britain's incessant and costly border troubles on the confines of the Himalayas. For fifteen years past comparative peace has reigned, varied by sporadic raids of minor significance. But, as it now appears, parties of so-called exploration, in reality advance posts of gold-seekers, have aroused the tribes to frenzy. They fear not only for their liberty, but for their treasure. And a similar suspicion incenses the population of Spain, unwilling to march to slaughter for the benefit of a group of speculators of uncertain nationality. Spain does not feel that her honor is involved or that the difficulty is one from which retreat would be disgraceful. She remembers how costly and glorious have been her colonial expeditions, how dearly bought the era of comparative prosperity which has come to her and she protests against a ministry which has allowed matters to drift toward a disaster.

The censorship is rigid and, even without it, what little news percolated from the peninsula was mostly of court

functions at the Escorial or at La Granja. Now, of a sudden, the situation grows ugly and angry; martial law is proclaimed and the ministry of Maura wobbles ominously. To swap horses crossing a stream is proverbial and all criminals who have the hardihood to walk up to the bar of judgment and declare themselves innocent. But it is wholly impossible for any thoughtful man in a country enjoying sympathy with the view that, because, forsight, a man is a "prominent citizen" he must be excused when he is charged with criminal assault. The idea is monstrous! It might have obtained in a despotism and in the Middle Ages, but not to-day. Moreover, the mere question of whether a man charged with criminal assault may escape prosecution because he is prominent in country society is dwarfed by the question of whether the State Administration is willing to remit stipends to the "abot," as Mr. Gullion phrases it, "as other" and similar scandals at the Capital have in the past.

To say that "other" and similar scandals have been allowed to "abot" at Frankfort in the past is to bring against this State an indictment that is libelous if untrue and dangerous if true. When did such a scandal occur at Frankfort, and when, and how, and why, and by whom was it allowed to "abot"?

But it is granted for the sake of argument—pending proof—that there have been scandals of a similar nature, and that they have been covered up by the defendant with his resources. Now comes Dr. Brinton D. Evans, of "brainstorm" notoriety, to testify, as solemnly as before, and under as solemn oath, that he has reversed himself. It seemed from his answer to the first questions that he has come to the conclusion that he didn't know what he was talking about, and he had the courage to confess himself inexpert at a time when his confession might be almost as useful to his client—that is to say, his patient—as his first testimony was. This seemed extremely courageous of the good doctor and extremely convenient for the unfortunate Mr. Thaw. It seemed laughable, and yet, discouraging, as a feature of a minor trial.

"Information given me by Thaw caused me to change my mind," said the erudite doctor.

What information? That it was now time for the patient to be insane, as it was for him to be insane when his neck was in danger, or the information that Dr. Evans didn't know anything about the defendant's mental condition during the trial, and that the patient was wise enough not to enlighten him till the psychological moment? But let us read further down the column.

Mr. Gullion's Explanation.

In explaining his statement to the Courier-Journal, Frankfort correspondent with regard to the attitude of the people of Henry county toward Dr. Nuttall, Mr. E. A. Gullion says that it is he who has been charged with the crime with which Dr. Nuttall is charged he would have been lucky to escape a mob or the penitentiary. Shall the people of the whole State be asked to consider guiltless the authorities who neglect to arrest him, or advise him as to how to avoid arrest, because he led officials in New Castle when he was a gay young blade? The State officers, who apparently hold that view, will live to be enlightened.

Senator Lorimer is thus quoted in an interview:

"Go to any shoe manufacturer and try to get from him a statement that he will not be reduced because of the removal of the duty on hides. You would have a fine chance. The manufacturers are working the game both ways. They are endeavoring to have the tariff taken off raw material and kept on the finished product. They want the profits. The consumer will not get them."

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Appoints Justice.

Gov. Wilson to-day appointed Al J. Blackman, Justice of the Peace in the Second district of Caldwell county, to succeed C. F. Nash, who was appointed to succeed upon the death of County Judge Black. Blackman is the Republican nominee for the magistracy in his district.

Merger Man Gets Job.

The residence of Fred Simcoe, deputy assessor, at Meadow Lawn, was destroyed by fire at 8:30 o'clock Tuesday night. The man had retired when his wife, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Simcoe, was awakened by the smoke in the room. He awoke the rest of the family and they escaped in their night clothes.

The house and contents were entirely destroyed, with the exception of a piano which was removed by a neighbor. The home was one of the largest in that section of the country. The loss is estimated at about \$5,000.

Requisition Issued.

The application of the authorities in Louisville, Gov. Wilson to-day issued the warrant to the Governor of Nebraska for the return to Kentucky of Julian Franklin, who is wanted in Louisville on a charge of obtaining money by false pretenses. He is accused of passing a worthless check on a druggist in Louisville.

STOCKHOLDERS

OF OLD CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK MEET AUGUST 26.

For Purpose of Discussing Details of Recent Deal By Which Company Was Absorbed.

An important meeting of the stockholders of the old Continental National Bank, a local institution which was taken over by the Commercial Bank and Trust Company last Saturday, has been called for August 26. The call for the meeting has just been sent out and it is expected that every stockholder will either be present in person or will be represented by proxy.

It is understood that the meeting is for the purpose of describing the full details of the transaction, the exact deal last week by which the Continental National Bank went out of existence. Every phase and angle of the transaction will be explained by the men who were instrumental in the stockholders showing where they will benefit by the consummation of the deal. They are all expected to ratify the transaction for they were the principal parties to it, and will not materially benefit the consumer.

There is no objection to high stockings, but it will be truly shocking if the stockings are so high priced that they become low cut. The question before Congress is "Shall we force the people to wear socks?"

The baseball club which offers \$20,000 for a good catcher has keen commercial instincts than the New York girl who has given \$1,000,000 for a Portuguese Prince.

Kansas City hopes to have a new union depot costing millions. A bet that she gets it is safer than a bet upon real downward revision.

Harriman will finish the cure at Gastein in August," says a cablegram. Very probably. He finishes "most everything he tackles."

At any rate this is the juiciest summer weather we've had for several years.

The censorship is rigid and, even without it, what little news percolated from the peninsula was mostly of court

would be given "the benefit of the doubt" which is not only the legal right of every man accused of crime, but the common portion of all suspects and all criminals who have the hardihood to walk up to the bar of judgment and declare themselves innocent. But it is wholly impossible for any thoughtful man in a country enjoying sympathy with the view that, because, forsight, a man is a "prominent citizen" he must be excused when he is charged with criminal assault. The idea is monstrous! It might have obtained in a despotism and in the Middle Ages, but not to-day. Moreover, the mere question of whether a man charged with criminal assault may escape prosecution because he is prominent in country society is dwarfed by the question of whether the State Administration is willing to remit stipends to the "abot," as Mr. Gullion phrases it, "as other" and similar scandals at the Capital have in the past.

Nevertheless, in Spain as elsewhere, the man who sits tight is the man who stays in the saddle.

The Hired Alienist.

It is frequently difficult to determine whether a given alienist in a given number case is a knave or a fool. No matter what he is, his function is to muddy the waters to prevent the jury from reaching a sane verdict. So long as he remains a factor in the criminal trial—presenting his mere opinion, often a worthless one when it is not dishonest—we shall have resultant miscarriages of justice.

Several alienists testified during the second trial of Harry Thaw that he was insane. A score who would have testified so might have been summoned by the defendant with his resources. Now comes Dr. Brinton D. Evans, of "brainstorm" notoriety, to testify, as solemnly as before, and under as solemn oath, that he has reversed himself. It seemed from his answer to the first questions that he has come to the conclusion that he didn't know what he was talking about, and he had the courage to confess himself inexpert at a time when his confession might be almost as useful to his client—that is to say, his patient—as his first testimony was.

The enormous tobacco crop which is being grown this year throughout the Burley district is having a good effect upon business throughout this part of the State in more than the one way of increasing the farmers' prospects for money to spend this winter, if the same high prices as last year obtain. The farmers are being compelled to turn over the last part of the extra crop to the mill and the energetic capitalist would take together if the country continued to produce the same amount of tobacco as last year.

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Mr. Patterson, who has been

engaged in a difficult and charming young girl. She will wear a white hand-embroidered lingerie gown with roses and vines. Mrs. Clinton will wear a French bouquet of pink roses.

Miss Patterson will enter on the arm of the groom, who will be no attendants.

They will leave the evening on their bridal trip, after which they will return to Belgrade.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Fulton will leave the first week in August for a six weeks' trip abroad. They will land in England and will go from there to Scotland, where they will stay the last of the month for a trip up the St. Lawrence River.

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on your vacation, read the advertisements of the Resorts, Hotels, Steamship and Railroad lines in theCOURIER-JOURNAL,
Don't fail to order the paper sent to your address while away.

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MACKINAC ISLANDS, MICH.

L. E. Edwards.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

N. H. Hause, 335 Euclid Avenue.

J. S. Bushaw, 307 Superior street.

David Bloom, 181 Euclid avenue.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Rogers Book Store, 39 Patton avenue.

Brown Book Store, 66 Patton avenue.

Mountain City Stationery, 21 Patton avenue.

Morris S. Smith, 100 N. South Main st.

Battery Park News Stand.

BAY VIEW, MICH.

Blandford Bros.

SIUX FALLS, S. D.

Cataract Book and Stationery Co.

DETROIT, MICH.

Wolverine News Co., 72 West Congress street.

CHICAGO, ILL.

Chicago Newspaper Agency, 170 Madison street.

Chicago Annex News Stand.

Auditorium Hotel News Stand.

Palmer House News Stand.

Great Northern News Stand.

Sherman Hotel News Stand.

Prairie Hotel News Stand.

Truett News Co., 11 East Taylor street.

Quinn City News Co., Seventeenth and Dearborn streets.

The safest and surest plan is to have your mail sent to the address when you are located for your vacation. Daily and Sunday, 75 cents a month. No mail orders can be charged.

WHEN IN EUROPE

Have you mail addressed care the London office of The Courier-Journal, No. 3 Regent street, London, England. If desired mail will be forwarded to all parts of Europe and the Continent. Tourists are requested to register at our office upon reaching London.

COURIER-JOURNAL CO., London Office No. 3 Regent Street

For colds and malaria get Winter-smith's Tonic. Permanent results.

EXCURSION FARES
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RY.

\$28 NEW YORK and Return. ALL RAIL

\$32 NEW YORK and Return. Via Norfolk and Steamer.

On sale daily until Sept. 30. Return limit 30 days. Meals and berth included on ocean steamer.

\$27.50 ATLANTIC CITY and Return. On sale daily during July, Aug. and Sept. Return limit 30 days.

\$28.15 CAPE MAY and Return. Via Norfolk and Steamer. Returning Various Routes.

On sale daily until Sept. 30. Return limit 30 days. Meals and berth included on ocean steamer.

\$34.05 NEW YORK and Return. Via Norfolk and Steamer.

\$39.00 BOSTON and Return. Via Norfolk and Steamer.

On sale daily until Sept. 30. Return limit 30 days. Meals and berth included on ocean steamer.

\$13.00 OLD POINT COMFORT and Return. Annual excursion July 27 and Aug. 21. Return limit 15 days.

\$17.00 ATLANTIC CITY and Return. Annual excursion August 19. Return limit 15 days.

Low fares to the famous resorts of the Virginia mountains. Most convenient to Louisville, only 12 hours' ride by either a day or night train. Rates, pamphlets, summer rates, stopovers, for particulars. Office 141 Fourth Ave. R. E. Parsons, D. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

DON'T SIGN

Burley Society Pledge With-out Modifications,

THE ADVICE GIVEN GROWERS BY J. J. OSBORNE

CYNTHIANA LAWYER SAYS THINGS ARE WRONG.

WORK OF LEBUS CRITICISED.

Cynthiana, Ky., July 28.—[Special]—J. J. Osborne, of this city, has issued the following address to Burley tobacco growers on the 1909 pledge: "The never has been since the inception of the Burley district for better prices when they needed accurate information so much in regard to the present time.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

In the 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

The 1st of October, 1909, is yet some time off in the autumn, there is, therefore, no need for any hurry about the matter of pooling the 1909 crop of tobacco; this is extremely true, as the grower can expect to sell for a period of approximately six months, and if the grower wants to sell for a period of three years from this time. This last and best method is to have his tobacco graded and sold to a bank, which is still on deposit in banked farms quite a good deal of the money that has been paid for his tobacco.

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WOOD'S DEFEAT
BIG SURPRISEWESTERN FILLY
TAKES A STAKE

Gardner Takes Measure of
Winner of Low Medal
Score.

MASON PHelps ALSO BEATEN.

Illinois Players Put Out Six Out-of-Town Men in the First Round.

MANY REVERSALS OF FORM.

LOSSMOR, Ill., July 28.—The defeat of Warren K. Wood, of Homewood, who led the quality, in the round with the remarkable score of 14, was the feature of the third day's play in the Western Amateur Golf Tournament at Homewood to-day. The winner of the low medal score was put out of the running by the Illinois players, who had a score of 13 and 1 to play.

The defeat of Mason E. Phelps of Midlothian, in the first round, marked another upset in the tournament. Last year's Western champion was eliminated by Nate Mears of Evanston, by 1 up and 6 to play.

The defeat of the seven out-of-town men who qualified in the day's play in the starting feature of the day. Six of them were put out by local players in the first round, but Elliott Callender, of Peoria, managed to remain in the running until he was defeated on the second round by Albert Seckel, of Riverside, by 7 up and 6 to play.

Walter Fairbanks, of Denver; William Diddel, of Indianapolis; Harold Weber, of Toledo; and Arthur Stickney, of St. Louis; Harry G. Legg, of Minneapolis, and Eben M. Byers, of Pittsburgh, fell by the wayside in the opening round of the match play.

Some of the players who came so quickly in the day's play that the enthusiasts who thought they had a line on the relative merits of the contestants first round were disappointed. The most unexpected result of all was the defeat of Mason E. Phelps by Nate Mears, a Midlothian amateur, player of the year of Evanston. Phelps was up, but a brilliant 3 to 5. Only three starters.

Fourth Race—The Frivolity Stakes; selling five and one-half fur-longs.

Third Race—Selling; six fur-longs; \$500 added; 100 (Taplin), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 6.

J. H. Head, 110 (McDee), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 6.

County Fair, 107 (Bergen), 7 to 2, 7 to 3 to 5.

Time, 1:23-5. Second race—Selling; six fur-longs.

First Race—Selling; five and one-half fur-longs; \$500 added; 100 (R. Williams), 12 to 1.

Young Belle, 104 (H. Williams), 12 to 1.

Momus, 112 (Page), 7 to 1, 2 to 1, 1 to 6.

Time, 1:23-5. Third race—Selling; six fur-longs.

Fourth Race—The Frivolity Stakes; selling five and one-half fur-longs; \$1,000 added; 100 (Taplin), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 6.

Interpose, 105 (Creevy), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 6.

Time, 1:23-5. Three starters.

Second Race—Selling; six fur-longs.

First Race—Selling; six fur-longs; \$500 added; 100 (Austin), 9 to 20.

Interpose, 105 (Austin), 9 to 20.

Time, 1:23-5. Three starters.

Second Race—Selling; six fur-longs.

First Race—Selling; six fur-longs; \$500 added; 100 (Austin), 9 to 20.

Interpose, 105 (Austin), 9 to 20.

Time, 1:23-5. Three starters.

Second Race—Selling; six fur-longs.

First Race—Selling; six fur-longs; \$500 added; 100 (Austin), 9 to 20.

Interpose, 105 (Austin), 9 to 20.

Time, 1:23-5. Three starters.

Second Race—Selling; six fur-longs.

First Race—Selling; six fur-longs; \$500 added; 100 (Austin), 9 to 20.

Interpose, 105 (Austin), 9 to 20.

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Second Race—Selling; six fur-longs.

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Interpose, 105 (Austin), 9 to 20.</p

Financial and Commercial

MONETARY.

Wednesday Evening, July 28.—The New York money market showed no notable change to-day. The local market continued quiet. The borrowing demand was slow, with rates quoted at 56½ per cent.

New York exchange was quoted at par to 25 cents premium.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing \$1,069,796

Balance 290,142

There was a fairly good movement in the local security market, with values ruling firm. West Penn common was the feature of strength, being in good demand and selling up to 45¢, a not advance of 5¢. St. Louis common was up 5¢, selling at 50¢ and closing at 50½. The market for bonds from the main receipts in the various cities totalled \$1,069,796, against \$1,060,100 on the corresponding day a year ago. Provisions on the Chicago Board of Trade slumped severely in sympathy with the drop in futures, closing from 32¢ to 31½¢ lower.

Toledo Railway and Light common was in the lead, with a bid of 75¢, a not advance of 7¢.

St. Louis Railway and Light, 100,000, was 60¢ bid, an advance of 4¢, and 100 asked, \$2,000 each way.

Louisville Railways were 62¢ offered at 55¢, and 100 asked, \$2,000 each way.

Memphis Street Railways were 99¢ bid for 35,000 and \$1,000 offered at 99¢, an advance of 4¢.

Rochester Railway and Light, 50,000, were 98½ bid for 50,000, and 100 asked, \$1,000 each way.

Springfield Railway and Light were 97½ bid for \$1,000, \$1,000 offered at 97½.

Louisville Home Telephone, 50,000, were 65 bid for \$1,000.

Union National Bank was five shares offered at 225, 22½ bid for ten and fifteen offered at 225.

Columbus Trust was 12½ bid for ten shares and five offered at 12½.

Louisville Trust was 150 bid, an advance of 10, ten shares, and 100 offered at 150, \$1,000 each way.

Evansville Light preferred was 92½ bid for 40,000, and 40,000 offered at 92½, an advance of 4¢.

Rochester Railway and Light, 50,000, were 98½ bid for 50,000, and 100 asked, \$1,000 each way.

Springfield Railway and Light were 97½ bid for \$1,000, \$1,000 offered at 97½.

Louisville Heating preferred was 84 bid and 85 asked, ten shares each way, an advance of 4¢.

St. Louis and Suburban common was 42 bid and 43½ asked, fifty shares each way.

Grand Rapids common was 8½ bid for fifty shares and ten offered at 8½.

Louisville Traction common at the morning session was 75 bid for five shares, ten offered at 98½, 100 offered at 98, 97½ bid for fifty.

Rochester Railway and Light was 97½ bid for 50,000, and 50,000 offered at 97½.

Louisville Heating preferred was 84 bid and 85 asked, ten shares each way, an advance of 4¢.

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Louisville Traction common at the morning session was 75 bid for five shares, ten offered at 98½, 100 offered at 98, 97½ bid for fifty.

Rochester Railway and Light was 97½ bid for 50,000, and 50,000 offered at 97½.

Louisville Heating preferred was 84 bid and 85 asked, ten shares each way, an advance of 4¢.

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Boys'
\$4 and \$5
Suits For
\$2.95

All-wool cassimeres, in two nice patterns; 200 suits; double-breasted coats and Knickerbocker trousers; sizes 7 to 16; regular \$4 and \$5 goods, for \$2.95.

75c Knicker
Trousers for..... 45c
75c and \$1.00..... 48c
Knee Pants..... 88c
\$1.25 and \$1.50..... 88c
Knee Pants..... 88c
50c and \$1.00..... 25c
Blouses and Waists

Levy's Third & Levy's Market.
The Bright Spot in Louisville.

Courier-Journal.
ALIED PRINTERS
TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL
LOUISVILLE, KY.

THURSDAY..... JULY 29, 1909

**OBJECTS TO RAILROAD
ON WOODLAND AVENUE**

**MRS. GLANZ WOULD COMPEL
K. AND I. TO MOVE TRACKS.**

**NAMES SEWER CONTRACTOR
WHO LAID RAILS.**

IN THE COURTS YESTERDAY.

For fear that the K. and I. Bridge and Railroad Company will succeed in its alleged purpose to obtain a franchise to operate railroads carrying coal from the coal fields of Thirty-second street, Mrs. Hettie E. Glanz yesterday filed suit for injunction against the K. and I. Company and T. B. Jones & Company, the sewer contractors who put down the rails temporarily. Mrs. Glanz sets forth that she owns two pieces of property on Woodland avenue, just west of Thirty-second street, and asserts that she would be greatly damaged if the coal cars were to be allowed to run on the street to remain there permanently.

She says that the tracks were laid in March of last year by the Jones Company, and that when her husband was away, she asked if the contractors would remove them, as the tracks were to be only temporary, and would be removed as soon as the section of the Southern Outfall Sewer, on which he was an owner, was completed. The contractors confessed their guilt to Capt. Clegg, but said this was the only crime they were guilty of while out on a tramp in search of work.

ATTORNEY

Employed To Defend Youthful Housebreakers.

SELF-CONFESSIONED OFFENDERS IN JAIL AT SCOTTSBURG.

PRELIMINARY HEARING TO BE HELD TO-MORROW.

NO OLD SETTLERS' MEETING.

**Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder**
Cleanses, beautifies and preserves the teeth and purifies the breath
Used by people of refinement for almost Half a Century

among which were several articles of clothing. Mr. Hedgecock was out in a field at work and his son got a shot at him. The boy ran home. Mrs. Hedgecock took considerable pains to see that the doors were locked. While no one was at home a sash was cut from a shutter so a window could be raised, and the house was entered. Several persons, using the same clothes, were robbed, part of the loot being a number of valuable rare coins. Last fall the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hedgecock burned while they were away and they are beginning to believe they have suffered enough loss.

**NOTES OF THE NEWS
FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.**

—With the month of July practically gone less than 100 marriage licenses have been issued from the office of Curtis W. Ball, the city clerk, who is a considerable falling off over June.

—Graham Parlowe pleaded guilty yesterday morning in the City Court to the charge of having the river over.

—John G. Elgin is expected home this morning from a month's trip in the West. He visited Los Angeles and other interesting cities, including Denver, stopping on his way home.

—Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. Creed leave to-day for the East to remain during the summer. They will be at Atlantic City for some time before going to New York City and Washington.

—Charles T. Troy has announced as a candidate for City Clerk subject to the decision of the board of election.

—Charles T. Troy is engaged in mercantile pursuits and is city salesman for a pearl-street building.

—Louis A. Zipp, who has been in the grocery business for many years on Clark street, has purchased the farm of George B. Borwns, for \$3,500, and will enter into business in the Albany township a few miles from the city.

—Emerson Gordon, local freight agent of the B. and O. railroad in Louisville, has been in the hospital for ten days on account of injuries sustained in trying to stop a runaway horse.

—Mrs. Frank Dorn, 1616 Ekin avenue, and John S. Morgan were married at the Advent Christian church parsonage in Portland, Oregon, on Saturday.

—They will reside with the bride's parents.

—Joseph Welpert, of 303 North State street, New Albany, has had his health ruined by laying two eggs a day for seven weeks.

—Mrs. Annae Clark has returned from the annual meeting of the State Librarians held in Richmond. Miss Clark patronized the saloons and was allowed to enter them.

—Miss Annae Clark, of Hays Springs, Neb., and Mrs. James Garbutt, of Brazil, Ind., who have been the guests of their brother, W. H. Glick, 1306 East Market street, have been married at the home of H. H. Hica, a prominent attorney of Terre Haute, visiting his parents. Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Glick.

—Mr. Welpert has refused to go to a visit with his daughter, Mrs. U. S. Clutton of Indianapolis. Mr. Clutton was formerly pastor of the Culbertson Avenue Baptist church in the city and was well connected with the Tuxedo Park Baptist church at the Capital, where he is building a new house of worship.

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